

# Crossfield Chronicle

The District Booster



VOL. XXXIII. No. 6

CROSSFIELD, ALBERTA, CANADA, THURSDAY, JANUARY 5, 1939

PRICE \$1.50 A YEAR

LAUT & CO.

The Very Best at a Little Less

CANDY SPECIALS!	
Mixed Candy, 2 lbs. for	25c
Fancy Mixed Candy, per lb.	22c
Quality Chocolates, ass't. centres, per lb.	25c
2-lb. boxes, ass't centres, each	50c
5-lb. boxes, each	\$1.10
Freez-Easy Ice Cream Freeze, 3 packets for	25c
Peas, size 5s, per can	10c
Green Asparagus Cuttings, 2 cans for	35c
Pitted Pie Cherries, large cans, solid pack, without sugar 6 lbs. 11 ozs., each	\$1.25
Sweet Mixed Pickles, 6 lb. 9 oz. tins, choice quality	95c
Pure Seville Orange Marmalade, 4-lb. tins each	48c
Dill Pickles, 6-lb. 9-oz. tins, each	65c
Rosebud Pancake Flour, 7-lb. packets each	55c
Rosebud Cream Wheatlet, 6-lb. sacks, each	30c
Swans Down Cake Flour, per packet	29c
Maxwell House Coffee, drip and regular grind, per tin	39c
Fancy Sardines, 4 tins for	25c
Norwegian Sardines in oil, 2 tins for	25c
Cider Nectar, makes 72 ozs. of delicious cider, per bottle	50c
Toilet Soap, assorted, 8 bars for	22c

## 20 Per Cent Refunds On Car Licenses

Final date for obtaining a 20 per cent rebate on 1938 car licenses will be January 10, according to information which officials of the Alberta Motor Association have received from the provincial secretary's department.

By this date license plates must be delivered or turned in to the provincial secretary's department by those who desire to obtain the maximum rebate of 20 per cent on the license fee paid for the year.

A provision in the Motor Vehicles act authorizes the rebate to be paid by the provincial treasurer. Last year rebates amounted to approximately \$20,000. On account of the good driving conditions up to the end of the year, little interest in rebates was shown by motorists. The advent of cold weather may cause a spurt in applications.

At any rate, the "dead-line" for obtaining the 20 per cent rebate is

## Inadvertently Missed.

At the Christmas Concert the name of Winnie Tredaway was missed, both as accompanist for the play and Miss Tredaway also played a piano solo, "Country Sandbag". This little play, "Bethlehem Star" was most beautifully presented by the following:

The Virgin Mary, June Patmore; The Archangel, Edna Tredaway; Three Shepherds, Irene Sefton, Maxine Reeves and Doris Patmore; Joseph, Jimmie Stevens; Angels, Betty Huston, Patsy Stevens, Alice Huston, Micky Huston; Cherub, Ruth Currie.

Shirley May Reeves was absent owing to illness.

Many comments have been received about the beauty of the play.

Contributed

January 10 and no applications after that date will be accepted, so it is definitely stated by provincial government officials.



Have You  
Checked Your  
Stock of  
M I D L A N D  
To-day?

ALSO AGENTS FOR STORM SASH,  
LUMBER AND BUILDING MATERIALS

Atlas Lumber Co. Ltd.

R. J. CANN, Manager  
MEMBER W.R.L.A.

TELEPHONE 15

## Regular Meeting Village Council

The regular monthly meeting of the village council was held in the fire hall Tuesday evening, January 3rd, with mayor and all councilors present.

### Burned Sidewalk Replaced.

After a suggestion by Mayor Wood, it was decided to build a three plank sidewalk on Hamlin Street, where the Ure building formerly stood. This will be only temporary, and in spring, when weather is more suitable, a more substantial walk will be built.

### Mielond Pump Replaced.

Owing to C. Mielond's pump being damaged, while fighting the recent fire, the village has erected a new one, part of the expenses being paid by local business men and residents.

### Five Chief Resigns

In the communications, was a letter from F. T. Baker, tendering his resignation as fire chief, which was accepted.

It was then decided to call an open meeting tonight (Thursday) for the purpose of re-organizing the volunteer fire brigade.

### Night Watchman.

J. Wilcox, the nightwatchman, was also present at the meeting, and asked for a raise in wages to forty dollars.

Constable J. Belshaw was instructed to interview the business men, asking them if they would be willing to co-operate, enabling the village to raise the night watchman's wages.

### Dangerous Chimneys.

The secretary was instructed to write several residents in the village regarding stove pipes used as chimneys, which should be replaced by brick chimneys.

### North Crossing.

The poor condition of the north railway crossing was brought up and it was decided to instruct the secretary to write Mr. Bradley, Resident Provincial Superintendent, Olds, and have one of the government graders used to level this crossing until such time as weather would permit more to be done.

The remainder of the meeting was taken up with routine business.

### Annual Meeting.

The annual meeting will be held on Friday, January 27th.

## Floral School Xmas Concert

A large crowd attended the Floral School Christmas concert, on December 23rd, where they were merrily entertained.

Mr. McPae had an interesting verse to introduce each item. These were capably read by Miss Eloise Thompson.

Recitations and songs by the smaller pupils were met with great applause by the audience.

Highlights of the entertainment: A song by four small pupils. The Lambeth Walk and Tableaux; the pupils being suitably costumed; old-fashioned ladies and English gentlemen proved that they could sing as well as dance.

A mixed Quartet: ex-pupils and teachers: Miss Dolly Elhard, Misses Wilma and Eloise Thompson, Mr. John Elhard, and Mr. McRae.

A song by two future pupils, Anna and Hilyard Ruddy, was app.

## Mixed Bonspiel Finished Monday

The mixed bonspiel, which commenced Wednesday last, was finished this Monday, with eight rinks entering in each event.

The results of the finals were: Consolation, McMillan vs. Purvis, McMillan winning. In the Main event between Jones and C. Fox, Fox won.

Following is the personnel of the rinks entered:

Consolation: Carmichael, skip; Heywood; Vera Hesketh; G. Fleming; Fleming, skip; D. J. Hall; L. Becker; Ethel Sackett; Jones, skip; Shantz; Mrs. Devins; J. Fleming; McMillan, skip; H. Johnson; Mary Murdoch; E. Sharpe; G. Purvis, skip; E. Fox; Mrs. Wood; Wilda Laut; C. Purvis, skip; B. Liley; Mr. Huot; H. Wyle; Edlund, skip; Wood; Mrs. Ballam; Pat Waterhouse; Ballam, skip; J. Becker; Mrs. Stevens, Mrs. Fleming.

Main event: Onkies, skip; E. Devins; Mrs. Tredaway, J. Carmichael; Stralo, skip; F. A. Purvis; Irene Hesketh; Stafford; C. Becker, skip; Cann; Mrs. Dawson; F. Murdoch; C. Fox, skip; A. A. Hall; E. W. Hooper; D. Hopper; Stevens, skip; More; Mrs. Carmichael; J. Cumming; Dawson, skip; Emerson; Mrs. Belshaw; D. Nichol; J. N. Johnson, skip; F. Becker; Mrs. Waterhouse; Winnie Tredaway; McRory; skip; Tweedie; Mrs. McMillan; K. Fitzpatrick.

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## United Farmers of Alberta International Broad cast

During the annual convention of the United Farmers of Alberta, which will be held at the Palliser Hotel, Calgary, January 17th, to 20th, a special broadcast will take place on Thursday evening, January 19th, at the time of the annual get-together dance which will start at 9:00 p.m. M.S.T. and last until 1:00 a.m., over Radio Station C.F.C.N. (1030 kc.). During this period the United Farmers will have the C.F.C.N. old time orchestra, and will have full charge of the broadcast for the rest of the evening.

Fraternal greetings will be exchanged with farmers' organizations in British Columbia, Saskatchewan, Manitoba, and all of the farmers' organizations within reach of the station across the line in U.S.A.

## Co-Operative U.F.A. Store CROSSFIELD

PHONE 21

14-qt. Galv. Pails, Reg. 45c, Special Price 39c  
Plain White Cream Pitchers, Johnson Bros.  
Eng. 29c and 39c  
Chore Boys! While they last, 2 for 15c  
Scrub Brushes, to clear, each 19c  
Iaco Furniture Polish, large bottle, reg. price 50c,  
Sale Price 39c

Green-Handled Kitchen Ware, consisting of—  
Cake Turners, Egg Whips, Can Openers  
and numerous other articles, each 15c

8-in. Mixing Bowls, 2 for 29c  
Mens Bib Overalls \$1.75  
Mens Overall Pants, 8 ozs. \$1.65  
Horsehide Coats, wool lining and beaver-lamb  
collar \$13.50

Mens Pullover Mitts 75c to \$1.50  
Wool Lining Mitts 35c and 50c  
Felt Insoles 15c and 25c

Windsor Knitting Wool, good quality, good range  
of colours, 1-oz. balls 15c

Don't forget we have a complete line of Rubbers and  
Overshoes for the whole family.

"Where QUALITY and PRICES Meet"

## Cremona Notes.

The week of Christmas was very cold. The lowest that was seen was 48 degrees below zero. A number of people had intended going away for a vacation, but had to remain at home.

The picture, "A Yank at Oxford," was shown in the hall December 28th, with a very good crowd. "The Plainsman" will be shown January 11th.

There was a well-attended dance in the Community hall, December 29th, with the Legion Orchestra in attendance, which was very good. The hall board has engaged this orchestra for the night of January 6.

New Year's day was celebrated by quite a few playing hockey on the new skating rink. The "Scouts" were out in full force. Quite a treat skating in shirt sleeves.

Mr. C. C. Holbrook was a week-end visitor to Hanna. He reports the roads are fair.

A caravan of visitors made a trip back to the new oil well at Harold Creek, 22 miles west of Cremona, on New Year's day. They report that this is a very busy place. This makes two oil wells in that district now.

Business goes where it is invited and stays where it is made welcome.

## Warn Motorists Of Poison Danger

Warning of the danger of carbon monoxide is again drawn to the attention of car drivers by officials of the Alberta Motor Association. Just recently two more deaths were reported in this province from monoxide poisoning, which serves again as a grim reminder to motorists that every care should be used when operating a car at this time of the year.

"When the car is started in the garage these mornings, make certain that the garage door is open and plenty of fresh air available. When motoring, it is a good practice to have a window open to carry off any monoxide fumes", said an official.

In older types of cars the danger of carbon monoxide should be carefully guarded against.

Each year numerous deaths occur in the dominion on account of carbon monoxide fumes in cars. The toll can be largely reduced by motorists taking every possible precaution to guard against this danger, according to A.M.A. officials.

Business goes where it is invited and stays where it is made welcome.

**HOTEL YORK CALGARY**  
EXTRA LOW RATES FROM \$1.50  
Excellent COFFEE SHOP  
ALSO OPERATING HOTEL ST. REGIS  
RATES \$1 and \$1.50 - WEEKLY and MONTHLY RATES

## CROSSFIELD TRANSFER & STORAGE

Fully Licensed Haulers

DAILY SERVICE: CROSSFIELD and CALGARY

### Insured Loads

Heavy Hauling and Trailer Hauling.

HAY BAILING  
SPECIAL WINCH SERVICE FOR TURNING OR RAISING  
HEAVY LOADS

**M. PATMORE** Phone 62  
Calgary Phone—M-1826 **Crossfield**

BEST AT

# Let WINTER Make Ice Cream on Your Window Sill

Give the family a special treat with the most tempting ice cream imaginable! It's cheap, simple to make and delightful to taste. Mix a package of Jello Ice Cream Powder (cost about 12¢) with a quart of half milk, half cream. Place the bowl outside on the window-sill in freezing weather. Stir a few times and Old Man Winter will finish the job! Grocers sell it in 5 delicious flavours. Try a package today!

**JELLO** ICE CREAM POWDER

East Or West, Home's Best

"Distant pastures are always the greenest" and "Distance lends enchantment to the view" are quotations which are frequently used to express the thought that it is a common human failing to believe that because something is far away it must be better than something analogous close a hand and that therefore, that which is difficult of attainment must necessarily be more desirable than that which can be easily reached.

The adage is somewhat akin to the oft quoted declaration that "a prophet is not without honor, save in his own country and in his own household." The same idea is contained in the motto of the fable about the rainbow and the dog.

The principle enunciated in these fables is the antithesis of the belief of those who subscribe to the doctrine that there are opportunities all around us were we but to open our eyes and discern them.

It is surprising how many people, consciously or unconsciously, agree with the impression that the best must be remote and conversely that the home product cannot possibly be so worthy.

How often, for example, one sees the spectacle of people flocking in large numbers and paying substantial fees to hear the visiting virtuosos from foreign lands and almost ignore home talent which may be comparable in worth and be capable of giving as great enjoyment. How frequently are people prone to lionize and laud statesmen, philosophers, scientists, litterateurs, lecturers and leaders of thought if they can claim some other country as their native heath and belittle and even sneer at their own.

And so it is in all spheres, wealth and activities of life. If it is of alien origin, distant, it must be good, but if it is native or nigh it is something to be deprecated or slighted.

## Hers And There

In the matter of higher education, for instance, it would be interesting to know why a number of westerners who are able to give their sons and daughters a college education deem it necessary or advisable to send their offspring to eastern universities or institutions in the United States or overseas, when the colleges of Western Canada are just as good and in some respects better.

There is abundant evidence in support of this contention, available from students who have gone outside the Canadian west to secure degrees which could have been obtained in their home, or adjoining, province and from the fact that many of these students have returned to Canada, the contention that they could have done just as well, or even better, had they taken their courses and graduated at home and of course, at less expense.

There is a freshness and virility in the atmosphere of Western Canadian universities entirely absent from those older established institutions of learning in the east and in other countries. Moreover, they are more up to date in many respects and the courses they offer are more appropriate to the probable conditions and circumstances which will surround their students after graduation, when they are thrown upon their own resources to make a living for themselves.

Further than this, there appears to be a greater incentive among the students to work and to think for themselves in Western Canada universities than in similar institutions elsewhere, partly due no doubt to their environment, the high standards that are set, the calibre of the teaching staff and the earnest outlook on life which is the natural heritage of youth who have been reared under the spartan pioneering conditions which exist in a young country.

In many of the universities elsewhere, there is a tendency to draw class distinctions more rigidly than in Western Canada, leading in the direction of the development of a spirit of snobbery from which the West, fortunately, is comparatively free. Moreover, distractions which tend to encourage students to fritter away much of their time in frivolous pursuits are less abundant in university centres in Western Canada than in some of the larger centres in the east and abroad.

While in the United States there are many universities whose graduates have achieved a high educational standard within their walls, on the other hand, there are many whose standards are very low and where even the best and most earnest students are not so well equipped after graduation to compete on equal terms with the products of home institutions in highly competitive fields of endeavour.

## Spending For Others

Bearing these facts in mind it is not surprising that students of Western Canadian universities should be in demand in the business life of the great country to the south and that there is much truth in the complaint heard frequently until recently, that money is being spent in this country to train students for the benefit of American business and American organizations and institutions.

On the other hand, there is occasion for considerable surprise that parents and students too, should express preference for tuition in "outside" universities and colleges in the illusory hope of securing advantages which are not to be compared with those offered by similar institutions here.

## According To Old Records

**Attempt To Walk On Water Cost Inventor His Life**  
Research workers of the Federal Writers' Project have found records of at least one attempt to walk on water. In 1861, according to the document found, a certain Rowlands alighted from a steamboat to take a stroll across San Francisco bay wearing his own invention of "canoe shoes with leggings." "Up to sunset," the contemporary document states, "his body has not been found."

A useful product of wisdom is tact; a little of it goes a long way, socially.

## Stop Itching

**TORTURE** is a Mite  
For quick relief from the itches of eczema, hives, pinworms, athlete's foot, scabies, rashes and other skin conditions, use Para-Sani. It is the only product of its kind. Dr. G. D. D. PRESCRIPTION. The gentle and effective treatment of Para-Sani is the only safe and effective method of getting rid of these skin troubles—once and for all. Stop the most intense itching immediately. A bit of Para-Sani is all you need. Ask for Dr. G. D. D. PRESCRIPTION.

## A Matter Of Mirrors

**Question Which Puzzles Men Has Finally Been Answered**  
A newspaperman — identity concealed by St. Thomas Times-Journal in publishing his enquiry—wonders why men remove their coats and hats and often their rubbers or overcoats in church, while women, no matter how hot, usually stay as cool as a cucumber through the service fully clothed. Might we suggest, says the Owen Sound Sun-Times, that it's partly a matter of mirrors? A man just sticks his hat and coat on and lets it go at that; a woman makes a sort of ceremonial of donning outdoor apparel.

For every pound of silk produced in the world, there are 50 pounds of wool and 200 pounds of cotton.

Some horses are bred specially to produce hair for violin bows in Russia.

## Old Time Barber

**Winnipeg Tonsorial Artist Recalls Early Days In The West**

Edgar Doers, barber at Winnipeg for 50 years, claims customers of the early days were more easily satisfied than those of the present day—excepting, of course, the old-timer with the handle-bar moustache, which had to be trimmed just so—or else.

Back in 1888 when he came to Winnipeg from Perryville, Missouri, where he was born in 1870, it was just ordinary handclippers for a haircut. Barbering was a job which took warm water for a shave. Now the customer has to be swathed in hot towels before and after a shave. The speedy electric clippers have made the old-time hand clippers almost obsolete.

Most notable of his customers around the turn of the century included the late Sir Hugh John McDonald; Sir Rodmond P. Roblin; Hon. Thomas Greenway, all former premiers of Manitoba; and Henry M. Stanley, explorer who searched for Doctor David Livingstone lost in South Africa.

He also met Major Albert B. Rogers, who discovered the pass in 1881 through the Rocky Mountains now known as Rogers Pass, which completed the line from east to west through the mountains on the Canadian Pacific Railway.

He is married and has four children. His favorite sport is golf and he shoots consistently in the low 90's. He says he will continue in the barber business as long as he is able because he likes it.

## A Fortune In Trees

**Black Walnut Grove Valued At A Million Dollars**

Sir William Mulock, former Chief Justice of Ontario, is the owner of trees.

He discovered that he had made a millionaire, quite apart from his other investments. Nor did he create this fortune by shelling down forests denuding land of its wealth in timber. He made it by the reverse process, by the planting of trees.

At his summer home 30 miles north of Toronto, Sir William has a black walnut grove which is valued at \$1,000,000. Three decades ago the trees were but saplings. Now they are quite good sized and bound to become a fortune comparable with the passage of the years.

Trees are a hobby with Sir William, and he has made of it a profitable one. He has planted on his summer estate several types, all of which will develop into wood which is much in demand. The available world supply of black walnut, oak, etc., is constantly diminishing, thus adding to the value of the remaining trees of those varieties. Wind-sor Star.

## Censor For Every Paper

**Czechoslovak Has All News Available Before It Is Printed**

The editorial office of each daily newspaper in Czechoslovakia has a censor who will determine what is safe for publication. Since the September crisis newspapers have been compelled to submit their finished editions for censorship before they could be issued on the streets, placed in mails or delivered to homes.

The censor had only two hours in which to decide what could be published and what not and new matter could not be set into type and approved.

That meant that many white spots appeared on the news pages where the editorial hand had delayed at the last moment. Censors henceforth attached to editorial offices will see every piece of copy in the making and will pronounce their judgment immediately.

A young lady employed in a bank shot twice at an escaping bandit. She missed, but it must be said to her credit that she didn't hit anybody else.

In the parks of Birmingham, England, pavilions have been added for the benefit of aged men, who are permitted to gather there to talk, play cards, chess or dominoes.

## TAKE THE LEAD OUT OF YOUR LEGS

**Get Out In Your Legs And You'll Get The Lead Out!**

People who smother to death because oxygen has been completely cut off from their bodies are the ones who benefit from Para-Sani. It is the only product of its kind.

Para-Sani is the only product of its kind.

## May Be Appointed Chief

**Six Nations Indian Tribe Would Honor King George**

King George VI has been initiated into a lineage of rulers older even than the Monarchy of England when he visits Canada next summer. Plans to confer a chieftainship in Canada's Six Nations Indian tribe upon the King are being considered by the Toronto Indian Council.

Dr. J. J. Sussmuth, assistant Secretary of the Council, said the honor will be conferred upon King George if the Royal itinerary permits. If possible, the ceremony will be held on the Six Nations Indian Reserve at Ohsweken, Ontario. If not, the Indians will come to Toronto and go through the ancient ritual.

The ceremony will be identical with that by which the Indians honored their rulers long before a man ever set foot in Canada. The procedure was almost universal among them, and varied but little among the different tribes, Dr. Sussmuth said.

The plan was suggested by Singing Lark, an adopted member of the Six Nations. Singing Lark's Canadian name is Ivy King, and she is a member of the Council.

The name by which King George will be adopted into the Six Nations will be kept secret until the ceremony. When the Indians of ancient legend honored a mighty warrior or great hunter, the bestowed name was similarly secret until the ceremony.

An Indian guard of honor for the Sovereign has also been suggested. If plans mature, the escort will be attired in the plumed headdress and colorfully-decorated garments familiar to Champlain and LaSalle.

The Toronto Indian Council is an organization devoted to improving the cultural and economic position of the Canadian Indians. Its sachem or president is a full-blooded Delaware Indian named Big White Owl, and its medicine man is a Mohawk named Grey Eagle.

The Council, Dr. Sussmuth said has approval and co-operation of the Dominion Government, and Prime Minister Mackenzie King is a member.

## Power Of British Empire

**Strength Lies In Honesty And Integrity**

"Political indisposition of business in the United States was contrasted with the 'business man,' by W. J. Cameron of Dearborn, Mich., in an address to the Canadian Club at Ottawa.

The Canadian Government, he said was not trying to jam the "Kingdom of Heaven" through Parliament. The speaker compared this to the "experiences" attempted in the past few years to jack up business in the Republic.

Mr. Cameron, turning to the European scene, recalled the September crisis. For what peace was there in the world to-day the United States thanked the British and Czechoslovak peoples.

"Both were striped," he said, "but in a way that seemed to open the gaze of all the inmate nobility of both."

He traced the momentous events of the crisis and placed the Berlin speech of Hitler against the address delivered in London next day by Premier Chamberlain. The German dictator was "the very essence of vulgarity" he said. "The words of the British Premier were full of honesty, courage and sincerity."

With a small group which included Henry Ford, the motor magnate, he had listened to both addresses. At the conclusion of the British Prime Minister's, Mr. Ford had commented: "Do you wonder why the British rule the world?"

## A Lonely Outpost

Parlinigan replaced turkey for Royal Canadian Mounted Police station at Cranberry Hill, Ontario, the most northern outpost of Canada on Christmas Day. Cards were impossible to obtain by radio because there will be no mail until next summer when the supply ship makes its annual call.

Charcoal and diamonds are made of the same very same element, carbon;

yet, diamonds of the poorest quality sell for more than \$2,000 an ounce while charcoal is worth only about \$15 a ton.

## THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA

General Statement, 30th November, 1938

### LIABILITIES

Capital stock paid up.....	\$ 38,000,000.00
Reserve funds.....	2,711,499.82
Balance of profits carried forward as per Profit and Loss Account.....	5,221,500.22
Dividends undrawn.....	18,512,616.46
Dividend No. 204 (at 5% per annum), payable 1st December, 1938.....	700,000.00

**Deposits by and balances due to Dominion Government.....** \$ 1,945,609.61

**Deposits by and balances due to Provincial Governments.....** 3,001,320.55

**Deposits by the public bearing interest, including interest on loans and advances.....** 38,326,649.64

**Deposits by and balances due to other chartered banks in Canada.....** 423,500,811.06

**Deposits by and balances due to foreign banks.....** 27,027.36

**Deposits by and balances due to correspondents in the United Kingdom and other countries.....** 14,355,708.25

**Notes on the bank in circulation.....** 50,105,756.57

**Bills payable.....** 24,390,261.24

**Advances to the public not included under the foregoing heads.....** 45,627.40

**Liabilities to the public not included under the foregoing heads.....** 541,445.14

**SHOULDERS** \$ 90,046,711.54

<b>ASSETS</b>	
<b>Gold held in Canada.....</b>	12,979.82
<b>Gold held outside Canada.....</b>	3,212,902.16
<b>Gold coins held elsewhere.....</b>	1,024,882.19
<b>Notes of Bank of Canada held elsewhere.....</b>	10,028,785.27
<b>Deposits with Bank of Canada.....</b>	60,949,061.66
<b>Deposits with Provincial Government and Canadian Government and bank notes other than Canadian.....</b>	22,990,606.72
<b>Deposits with other chartered banks.....</b>	1,011,997,038.93
<b>Deposits with foreign banks.....</b>	4,002.09
<b>Due from and to correspondents elsewhere.....</b>	71,891,264.92

**94,290,225.82**

**Dominion and Provincial Governments, direct and by agents, maturing within two years.....** 106,308,311.13

**Other Dominion and Provincial Government direct and by agents, maturing after two years.....** 183,333,715.19

**Canadian Government.....** 7,687,465.60

**Public market value.....** 20,934,740.31

**Other market value.....** 34,019,951.18

**Call and short (not exceeding 30 days) loans from banks and other securities of a sufficient marketable value to cover.....** 12,364,413.50

**Call and short (not exceeding 30 days) loans from banks and other securities of a sufficient marketable value to cover.....** 7,551,625.32

**Deposits and loans held for the security of notes circulation.....** 1,475,000.00

**Other assets not included under the foregoing heads.....** 506,616.16

**PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT**

**Balance of Profit and Loss Account, 30th November, 1938.....** \$ 2,315,176.14

**Profits for the year ended 30th November, 1938, after deducting expenses of administration, interest on Government bonds amounting to \$1,701,745.36 and making appropriations to Contingency Reserve and doubtful debts, and before deduction of the balance of the profit and loss account.....** 3,696,233.68

**APPROPRIATED AS FOLLOWS:**

**Dividend No. 202 at 5% per annum.....** 3 700,000.00

**Dividend No. 203 at 5% per annum.....** 3 700,000.00

**Dividend No. 204 at 5% per annum.....** 3 700,000.00

**Dividend No. 205 at 5% per annum.....** 3 700,000.00

**Contribution to the Pension Fund Society.....** 2,800,000.00

**Balance of Profit and Loss carried forward.....** 2,721,699.82

**\$ 6,021,409.82**

**M. W. WILSON,** President and Managing Director.

Montreal, December 20, 1938.

**S. G. DOBSON,** General Manager.

Water is of prime importance in the making of good paper. Paper mills must have a large supply of good water, free from any chemicals, in order to turn out a perfect sheet of paper.

Charcoal and diamonds are made of the same very same element, carbon;

yet, diamonds of the poorest quality sell for more than \$2,000 an ounce while charcoal is worth only about \$15 a ton.

## OVERHEARD AT THE INSTITUTE MEETING

**MY FOOD BILLS ARE LESS SINCE USING PARA-SANI... IT SAVES LEFT-OVERS... IT SAVES MONEY**

**MADE IN CANADA**

**HEAVY WAXED PAPER**

**Appleford's Para-Sani**

**HEAVY WAXED PAPER**

**PARA-SANI**

**Heavy Waxed Paper**

**APPLEFORD PAPER PRODUCTS LTD.**

**WAREHOUSES AT**

**WINNIPEG - REGINA - SASKATOON - CALGARY - EDMONTON**

## U. S. REJECTS NAZI DEMAND FOR OFFICIAL APOLOGY

Washington.—Summer Welles, acting secretary of state, disclosed the United States had rejected Germany's demand for an official apology for Inter Secretary Ickes' speech in Cleveland last Sunday attacking dictators.

Welles told Dr. Hans Thomsen, German chargé d'affaires, the request came with singular ill-grace and impetuosity from a government which had so persistently permitted its controlled press and officials to attack American leaders including Presidents Wilson and Roosevelt and present members of the cabinet.

The acting secretary of state advised Thomsen that Ickes' remarks represented the feeling of an overwhelming majority of the American people who had been profoundly shocked by recent events in Germany.

Secretary Ickes, speaking before the Zionist Society of Cleveland, said anti-Jewish violence in Germany took Germany back to the period of history "when man was unlettered, beighted and bestial."

He criticized Americans, particularly Colonel Charles Lindbergh and Henry Ford, for accepting German decorations and said:

"How can they pretend that in accepting the shiny baubles of a dictator they are honoring the great people whom the dictator has victimized and degraded?"

Welles' statement to the German envoy was couched in strong and uncompromising terms which the United States rarely uses in diplomatic discussions with a friendly government.

He told Thomsen the German government must now surely know the recent policy pursued in Germany had shocked and confounded public opinion in the United States more profoundly than anything that had taken place in many decades. Welles warned Thomsen that expressions of public indignation such as Ickes' were inevitable.

Welles said in talking to Thomsen that this criticism of Ford and Lindbergh was a purely domestic question in which Germany could have no concern whatever and which he would not discuss.

And, Welles added, so long as attacks against American officials continued in Germany the German had no right to suppose that attacks of the same character would not continue in the United States.

The exchange brought an extra sharp new strain on U.S.-German relations, already tense from the recent withdrawal of ambassadors of both countries and Germany's response to increasingly inconsistent recent American notes. The state department considered the latter unsatisfactory.

Thomsen had told Welles he trusted the government of the United States would make an official expression of regret for Ickes' statement. This Welles flatly refused to do.

The acting secretary replied that for several months he had closely followed the German press and had rarely read more unjustifiable criticism or open attacks on members of another government than had been made therein. Welles mentioned recent attack on President Roosevelt and members of the cabinet. He bluntly said he was sure the German chargé d'affaires could hardly dispute the German press was completely under the influence and dictation of the German government.

## Arms Purchases

### Question Raised Regarding United Kingdom Contract With Canada

London.—The cost of British armaments purchased in Canada in comparison with purchases in the United Kingdom was raised in the House of Commons by Frederick Bellenger, Labor.

He asked the government whether the prices paid for war supplies in the Dominion were greater, equal or less than the prices paid for similar armaments manufactured in Great Britain.

The government, replied Sir John Simon, chancellor of the exchequer, "in placing contracts in Canada made valuable use of the experience gained in similar orders placed in Great Britain, but other considerations beside those of price enter into the questions."

### Deep Oil Well

Calgary.—The deepest well in the British empire, Okata 6, owned by Okata Oil, Ltd., Calgary, blew into production a mile west of the proven south Turner valley crude oil area.

## Germany Lifts Ban

### Restrictions Regarding Money Being Sent To U.S. Are Cancelled

Washington.—One week after a Philadelphia judge took diplomacy in his own hands and delivered a retaliatory blow against Germany, the Reich lifted a ban preventing United States citizens from collecting in full on inheritances left them in Germany.

Heretofore American heirs of persons who died in Germany have been unable to receive all of their legacies because of German exchange restrictions.

This situation came to the attention of Judge Raymond MacNeil of the Philadelphia common pleas court. As a result he refused to allow part of a \$91,238 trust fund to go to claimants in Germany.

"I view of the fact that money belonging to beneficiaries in this country is not permitted to leave Germany I do not think it fair and proper to transfer funds from this country for beneficiaries in Germany," he said.

He was further quoted as saying: "I am not positive my action is legal, but I think at this time we found out."

"If my decision is not supported by the law, then we should have remedial legislation," he said.

The German embassy heard about the decision and reported it to Berlin immediately. Hans Thomsen, German chargé d'affaires here, notified Summer Welles, under-secretary of state, that the German restrictions had been lifted. Welles had complained to the German embassy about the German restrictions.

State department officials understand that \$5,000,000 annually goes to Germany from American estates and about half that much is left to United States heirs from estates in Germany.

## May Re-Enter Cabinet

### Anthony Eden Pleased With His Visit To America

London.—Anthony Eden returned to England from his brief visit to the United States to find himself the centre of reports he may re-enter the cabinet.

The Daily Mail (Independent) said the former foreign secretary would be joined by Prime Minister Chamberlain to "join the government" whether he will accept.

The paper said several ministers had suggested Mr. Eden, who resigned from the foreign office last February, be given one of the defence departments but "it is not known exactly what he will accept."

Enthusiastic about his visit to the United States, and pleased to have "seen ourselves as others see us," Mr. Eden in a broadcast and in press interviews confined himself exclusively to comment on America and the early in the new year."

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"Americans are well informed on these matters," he added. "The comments of the principal newspapers are forceful and shrewd. I cannot help the good if these editorials were more widely reproduced in this country."

Mr. Eden had touched him and Mrs. Eden most, he said, was "the spontaneous character of that welcome and the thousands of friendly messages we received from all parts of the United States and Canada."

## Livestock Problems

### Marketing Conference To Be Held In Alberta Soon

Calgary.—A western livestock marketing conference will be held in Alberta early in the new year to examine all problems associated with raising and marketing of livestock in western Canada, W. G. McKenzie, of Lethbridge, announced here.

Directors of the Alberta co-operative council decided to call the conference. Mr. McKenzie said, and arrangements were being made by the council's livestock section.

### Receives Appointment

Winnipeg.—Professor William John Rose, native of Minnedosa, Man., 200 miles northwest of Winnipeg, has been appointed director of the school of Slovian and eastern European studies at London University, England. Prof. Rose was a Rhodes scholar in 1905.

### Celebrates Birthday

London.—The Duke of Kent observed his 86th birthday Dec. 20th, receiving hundreds of congratulatory telegrams from all over the world. The duke and duchess gave a small luncheon party.

## EMPIRE MIGRATION IS PLANNED AS A SAFETY MOVE

London.—The House of Commons unanimously approved a motion urging the government, in the vital interest of empire safety, to encourage British migration to the dominions. Approval came after Malcolm Macdonald, dominions and colonial secretary, announced the government would confer with dominion authorities on financially assisted empire settlement schemes. It was decided the plan sponsored by Sir Henry Page Croft, Conservative, to send 10,000 British families to British Columbia through a company financed by the British government will be referred to the dominion settlement board for full consideration.

Mr. Macdonald said: "I have not dismissed that plan, I have not rejected it. It is to be considered, I understand, by authorities in Canada in the first place." Premier Pattullo of British Columbia had offered a free grant of land for the settlement scheme, Mr. Macdonald said. But until the Canadian government had signified its willingness to co-operate nothing could be done in London because the British government was committed by legislation to keep its contribution to the cost of migration plan to one-half.

Mr. Macdonald said the "voice of the British people in the defence of world peace" would be far stronger than it is to-day if Canada, Australia, New Zealand and South Africa were more heavily populated.

The motion accepted was offered by J. E. Crowder, Conservative, supported by Sir Henry Page Croft and agreed to by Mr. Macdonald. It declared:

"The house is of the opinion that an early restoration of the movement of population within the empire is most desirable and urges His Majesty's government to take every suitable opportunity for considering, in concert with the dominion governments, all arrangements that may be practicable now and in the future for promoting and encouraging the settlement in the dominions of people of this country and to indicate its readiness to co-operate fully in approved schemes."

Mr. Macdonald said the Canadian government's contribution to Sir Henry's plan for settlement of British Columbia could be either in cash or in land.

### For Trade Agreement

Washington.—Stanley Bruce, high commissioner for Australia, gave a talk he had discussed with President Roosevelt, a reciprocal trade agreement between Australia and the United States—an agreement Bruce told reporters would be "very difficult" to accomplish.

### Regulate Imports

London.—The British government, effective Jan. 15, will regulate imports and exports in an effort to increase domestic prices. W. S. Morrison, minister of agriculture, announced in the House of Commons.

### EDENS CAPTIVATE WASHINGTON.



Anthony Eden, former British Foreign Secretary, and his attractive wife, shown at a Washington railway station, captivated the residents of the United States capital during their day's visit, which included a call at the White House and a tour of Washington's home at Mount Vernon.

### HONORED



## Will Discuss Marketing

Saskatchewan Agriculturalists To Meet In Saskatoon

Saskatoon.—Marketing of agricultural products will be the main topic of the annual meeting of the Saskatchewan Agricultural Society, Association to be held in January 12. Program for the convention was released by Prof. J. G. Rayner, secretary of the association.

Chief speakers will be D. G. McKenzie of Winnipeg, first vice-president of the United Grain Growers Limited, whose subject will be "Industrial Uses for Farm Products"; the Hon. J. G. Taggart, Saskatchewan minister of agriculture; F. M. Baker, western representative of the industrial and development council of the Canadian meat packers; Dr. F. A. Wardle, director of agriculture and J. H. Wesson, president of the Saskatchewan Wheat Pool. All of these speakers will deal with marketing problems of the western farmer.

Archie Wilson, president of the S.A.S.A., will give his report and Prof. Rayner will report on the progress made during the year by the association.

Other speakers slated to address the convention are Professors J. W. MacEwan and A. H. Ewen of the University of Saskatchewan, department of animal husbandry, and Maurice E. Hartnett, agricultural editor of The Western Producer.

## MEMBER URGES ACREAGE BONUS TO AID FARMERS

Ottawa.—Any assistance the Dominion may give the grain growers of western Canada next year should be in the form of an acreage bonus instead of a minimum price for wheat, Dr. Thomas Donnelly (Lib., Wood Mountain, Sask.) said.

One of the vanguard of the prairie members to arrive in Ottawa for the approaching parliamentary session, Dr. Donnelly, a former member of the Senate, had talked with wheat growers and agreed the minimum price for wheat now paid by the wheat board was not the best way of handling the situation and that he would be prepared to urge on the government that instead an acreage bonus be given next year.

"The minimum price of 80 cents a bushel at present market prices means that the government is bonusing the wheat growers approximately 20 cents a bushel, the spread between the minimum price and the market price," Dr. Donnelly added. "The trouble is the minimum price helps those who have and fails to help those who have not.

"The man with a big crop gets the greatest assistance when the bonus is paid on each bushel of wheat. The man who has no crop and who therefore needs the assistance most, isn't helped by the minimum price."

Dr. Donnelly will urge in parliament that the Canadian millers be made to pay the full minimum price for flour used for bread to be consumed in Canada. An increase in the price of flour will result in a higher price for bread, which will be paid by the consumer.

"It is all right for millers to get the world price on flour they are exporting but the Dominion should not have to pay the 20 cents on wheat used to supply the Canadian market with flour because the consumer does not get his bread any cheaper. The bonus of 20 cents a bushel means only about one-half cent on the cost of a loaf of bread, not sufficient to meet the retail price."

The prairie members will get together after parliament opens and decide what course they will pursue to persuade the government to change from a minimum price or bonus per bushel to an acreage bonus.

Western Canada this year had slightly less than 25,000,000 acres under wheat and approximately 13,250,000 acres for all other coarse grains, bureau of statistics reports show.

"If the bonus were fixed at 50 cents an acre, the government only to wheat, it would cost the government about \$12,500,000, whereas the minimum price will cost the federal treasury upwards of \$50,000,000 on the present crop," Dr. Donnelly said.

"It might be better to make the acreage bonus less than 50 cents and have it apply to all cultivated lands, about 38,250,000 acres. In my district the wheat crops suffered disastrously from rust. If there had not been a minimum price thousands of acres of wheat would never have been harvested."

Despite the fact there was no minimum price for coarse grains and prices were very low, many farmers fared better by having grown coarse grains because they did not suffer from rust."

Mr. Donnelly's speech was well received.

## COMMISSION TO CONSIDER THE B.C. HIGHWAY PROJECT

Ottawa.—Prime Minister Mackenzie King admitted the government had appointed a five-member commission to consider the project involving construction of a highway in British Columbia from the international border to Alaska.

The following will constitute the commission: Hon. Charles Stewart, chairman of the Canadian section of the International Joint commission; Brig.-General T. L. Tremblay of Quebec; J. M. Wardle, of the department of mines and resources here; Arthur Dixon, of Victoria, an official of the public works department; and J. W. Spencer of Victoria.

For the second year the project has been a live issue. Premier Pattullo of British Columbia has been interested in the scheme and has conferred with both Canadian and United States government officials on the matter.

While British Columbia would have all the authority with respect to the section passing through that province the Dominion government comes into the picture when consideration is given to the section passing through the Yukon Territory, administered by the federal authority.

In answer to a question of a committee, Mr. Mackenzie King said Premier Pattullo had "repeatedly emphasized the important and beneficial results which, in his opinion, would follow from the decision to construct a highway which would unite the road system of British Columbia and the Yukon Territory with that of Alaska."

It was stated officially representations had been received from United States with regard to construction of this highway.

Notice was taken, the announcement said, of the similar action of the United States congress in authorizing a commission of five persons to cooperate with a commission set up in Canada.

It is estimated construction of the 2,200-mile highway from the U.S. northwest to Alaska would involve an expenditure of \$20,000,000.

There were reports when the project was under discussion last spring the United States ultimately might loan British Columbia \$15,000,000 to finance its share of the highway but it is understood no decision was reached.

Champions of the projected road and it would be of great military importance as well as provide communication to outlying districts in the province.

## Argentina Balks

### Rejects Draft At Pan-American Conference

Lima, Peru.—Argentina turned the Pan-American conference into an uproar by rejecting a completed draft of a declaration on continental solidarity and defence and tossing in her own resolution with the implication the delegates could take it or leave it.

The draft had been prepared by State Secretary Cordell Hull of United States, Afranio Mello Franco, Brazilian delegation head, and Carlos Concha of Peru, conference chairman.

The heads of delegations immediately sought to persuade Argentina to accept a clause in the draft saying explicitly that it did not constitute a military alliance offensive or defensive. The Argentines remained adamant, however, and said their instructions were to stand on their own resolution.

## Manitoba Revenues

### Reported To Be The Highest In History Of Province

Winnipeg.—Highest revenues in Manitoba's history were announced by Hon. S. S. Garson, provincial treasurer, in releasing public accounts for the fiscal year ended April 30, 1938.

Collections on ordinary revenue totalled \$16,182,669 which, when added to a special grant of \$750,000 from the Dominion government, brought the aggregate up to \$16,932,669.

A surplus of \$6,182,669 was shown for the year after expenditures were taken off. The figure did not include total costs of relief.

Mr. Garson said provincial revenues continued to show considerable buoyancy and were exceeding departmental estimates while estimated expenditures were lower.



## Launch Movement Towards Increasing Industrial Use Of Farm Products In Canada

A survey of all the facilities in Canada for farm chemical research, as a first step towards increasing the industrial use of farm produce, was announced by D. G. McKenzie, chairman of the national chemical committee of the Canadian Chamber of Commerce.

At the same time Mr. McKenzie announced personnel of the committee's executive and its three sub-committees on agriculture, industry and science and research.

By its survey, the committee hoped to impress on industry the value of using scientific discoveries of government research, and to find means of more closely connecting academic research with its practical application to agriculture and industry, he said.

"I believe that Canadians have the capacity to co-ordinate ultimately the genius of our scientists with the talent found in the research laboratories of Canadian industry and join with it the productive capacity of Canadian agriculture and the resources of private enterprise in a combined frontal attack on the dual problem of idle men and idle acres," Mr. McKenzie said.

This new decisive step evolved from the survey in Toronto last month of 73 representatives of the agricultural community, colleges, government and industrial research agencies, the press and industrial administrators, he explained.

"Because every dollar the farmer receives, except the funds required for taxes, interest and insurance, is spent for manufactured products and services from urban Canada, the business community is anxious in its own interest to increase the cash the farmer has to spend," he said.

"The farmer himself deserves the best standard of living that we can give him and requires more cash than formerly." The scientist in his turn needs more adequate funds for carrying on research and would welcome great co-operation on the part of both agriculture and industry. Here then, is an opportunity and a need for co-operative action on a national scale."

Examples of what such study might result in was use of cotton as a road binder in the southern states, use of peanuts and soya beans for many industrial uses. In Canada, flax production could be increased to the advantage of the country. The part of small farms held many possibilities. Hops, tobacco, barley and potatoes all had possibilities of greater industrial use, provided the scientist could effect fuller co-operation between agriculture and industry.

### New Victorian Age

#### Queen Victoria Enjoying Great Popularity On The Theatrical Stage

King George VI, when he arrives in this country next May, will find his great-grandmother, Queen Victoria, enjoying extraordinary popularity in the theatre and to a lesser extent in the movies. We assume that the theatrical fashions will not change in the next six months, but *anything*, the contrary.

The approaching Royal visit should stimulate interest in the Queen Empress, who was also the Widow of Windsor, on stage and screen. The books about Victoria and her Age will keep on. Women's dress will emphasize the Victorian note. There were hoopskirts at the Metropolitan Opera on the opening night.

Next Spring, then, we shall be witnesses of a striking change in American acting between the time of George VI and George III; but also in 1938 and 1940. Victoria and Victorians were not greatly admired in this country when Lytton Strachey began to give them his attention.

It is true that the Queen herself fared very well at Strachey's hands, but the general public did not notice it. Her name became synonymous of a stuffy and stiff-necked way of life. Now we feel differently.—New York Times.

### An Uncommon Record

Typewriting speed records are quite common, but in Paris, France, two shorthand writers attained a speed of 250 words per minute during a stenography contest. The two were Mme. Germaine Gabriel of Paris, and Mme. Juliette Cas, who works for the League of Nations in Geneva.

There are ten mountain ranges on the visible side of the moon.

There are 6,000 sizes and shapes of tin cans in use in the world.

### No Eskimo Igloos

Hollywood Imported Only One In Alaska, Says Glacier Priest

Exploding misrepresentations of Eskimo life," said Father Hubbard, the "priest of the West," said that only igloo in Alaska was a Hollywood importation, and quoted the Eskimo film actor, Mala, as saying "there is more wife-trading in Hollywood than there is among the Eskimos."

"I have travelled from the Canadian border to the Polar regions," said the internationally-known Jesuit explorer in an interview, "and the only igloo found was one erected by Hollywood for a movie."

"There are igloos in Labrador, but Alaskan Eskimos have to read about them in American geographies."

Films and books depicting the Eskimos as a "wife-trader," he said, were "untrue" to the Eskimo since "the wife-trader is the exception and not the rule."

The Jesuit, who described civilization as "chiselingism," said he would be glad to get back to the territory of the King Islanders on the Bering Sea "where for 50 years there never has been a murder, never a suicide, and where gossip is unknown, even among the women."

### Some Useful Hints

#### Housekeepers Will Find These Simple Ideas Very Handy

When taking pictures down for the annual spring cleaning, you will find that a long stick with a notch in it is a definite convenience in lifting curtains from their hooks.

A little kerosene rubbed on window screens will discourage flies and mosquitoes.

To put new life in an old broom, add a teaspoonful of glue mixed in a basin of hot water poured over a broom and then allowed to thoroughly dry will greatly stiffen it, and prolong its usefulness and life.

Common alum melted in an iron spoon forms an exceedingly strong cement for joining; glass, china, metal breakages of any kind.

No matter how hard the paint brushes have become, they can be made soft and clear by putting in water to which a little lye has been added.

When you have been painting and have some paint left over—pour some paraffin into the can and the paint will not harden.

Rust spots and other stains can be removed from linoleum by rubbing with steel chips.

### All But One

#### Tragic Fate Of Boy Scouts. In The Wilds Of China

The sorrowful story of war and suffering goes on in China and at headquarters we have received many sad but gallant stories of the work of scouts and guides. Among them is the tragedy of the 16 Chinese scouts and guides who left their town in Singapore to serve in the First Aid Squads and hospitals in the Chinese war zones. Of this gallant little band only one remains, Scout Ng Chee Keng, who, when we last heard, was in a Hankow military hospital recovering from two bullet wounds and a fractured skull. The rest have all been killed.—London Scout Letter.

### The Wily Japanese

#### Japanese Manufacturing Towns To Camouflage Origin Of Goods

Japanese goods have not had a good reception in America for some time, and now we hear that a town in Japan has been given a new name. It is called USA, so that goods made there can have "Made in USA" stamped on them.

But this is no new idea. Japan already has an island called Sweden, where matches are made, and a village which was renamed Macclesfield the other day, and where silk is manufactured, so that the matches can have "Made in Sweden" on them, and the silk "Macclesfield Silk."—Children's Newspaper, London.

### Large Producer Of Cellulose

Sweden, which is trying to become the world's biggest producer of cellulose for artificial silk, has opened a new mill at Scartviken in the north having a capacity of 40,000 tons a year.

Bridges must be built over 42 rivers in constructing a proposed road along the African coast from Natal to the Cape.

Birds with long legs have long necks, but not all long-necked birds have long legs.

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—Koralle, Berlin.

### Where Turkeys Are Expensive

#### Air Express From Edmonton To Arctic Circle Is High

Five thousand fat turkeys, cleaned and plucked complete with "all the trimmings" including cranberry sauce, were sent by air express from Edmonton to constitute Christmas dinner for pioneer residents of Canada's vast northwestern hinterland.

It's an all-time record turkey total for the northland and a gain of about 1,000 over last year, according to aviation officials at Edmonton. More than half the increase is attributed to development recorded within the past year at Yellowknife, sprawling gold-mine town, 700 air miles north of Edmonton, and less than 300 miles south of the Arctic circle.

Right down to the smallest detail, residents of booming Yellowknife are like us. They have Thanksgiving feasts as elaborate and plentiful as any rich family in Edmonton or Toronto—but they'll pay plenty for it. For example, it cost \$8.55 to buy a 15-pound turkey in Edmonton, get it plucked and dressed and equipped with the usual "extras," and delivered in Yellowknife by air express.

Major Walter Hale, superintendent of the Edmonton postal district, said it costs \$17 for air express charges alone on a 12-pound turkey flown from there to Akavik, 1,500 miles to the north on the Arctic. But that doesn't prevent Akavik residents from ordering turkeys by the dozen.

"I didn't know a soul here. Eventually I found my old nannie who lived in a cottage at Dartford and I stayed with her for a time."

Princess Indira's first day in England was terrifying. She had never worn European clothes, or walked in a public thoroughfare without at least four servants in attendance.

"I felt so guilty and conspicuous," she says. "The streets of Kapurthala used to be cleared for me. I wish it could be so in London traffic jams."

In her grandfather's favorite palace, which is twice the size of Buckingham Palace, and as lavishly equipped as Versailles, Princess Indira could choose her dinner from meat cooked a hundred different ways.

In this palace there are 500 servants dressed in tunics of blue and silver, and silver turbans.

Now the princess dines mostly in Indian restaurants. She lives in a flat in Chelsea with a woman friend who is also her secretary.

Dr. Charles Breder, head of the brain capacity of the fish indicated they probably had a higher intelligence quotient than any other kind of under-water life. They also seem to have better hearing.

He said their brains ranged from 1.52nd to 1.82nd of their total weight, a percentage margin to which science credits his supremacy.

The dab, dull silver-grey in color and only two to three inches long, have high foreheads. They move restlessly and spasmodically—like a man on the verge of a nervous breakdown.

A year has 10,000 days on the planet Jupiter.

The water buffalo is the chief source of the milk supply in the Philippines islands.

### Smart—Youthful—This Angora Set



Household Arts by Alice Brooks

As Exclusive Alice Brooks Set in Jiffy Knit

COURTESY OF HOUSEHOLD ARTS, INC.

PATTERN 6239

Angora is the last word in woolens to-day. This colorful sport set—a tiny knit at that—will meet with loud approval. Warm as well as smart, it uses up scraps of yarn for the variegated dots that give it snap. Pattern 6239 contains instructions for making the set; illustrations of it and of stitching are also needed.

To obtain this pattern send 20 cents in coin (patterns cannot be accepted) to Household Arts Department, Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermot Ave. E., Winnipeg.

There is no Alice Brooks pattern book published.

## Many Factors Have Resulted In Great Progress In Adult Education In Recent Years

### Veteran Of Indian Days

#### Dan Kennedy, Leader Of Indian Tribes In Saskatchewan

Dan Kennedy, who is regarded as leader among the Indian tribes of the Saskatchewan prairie, Regina recently heading a delegation that had business with the Indian department. He is regarded as one of the best authorities upon the old-time Indian traditions and customs in Canada.

He was born in an Assinibine hunting camp in the Cypress Hills shortly after the band had been almost wiped out in a dreadful massacre perpetrated by a band of American outlaws. During his childhood, of which he has vivid memories, he saw the plains thronged with Indians of all tribes and witnessed the arrival and departure of white parties. In 1882, the Assinibine to which he belonged were given a reserve south of the present village of Sintaluta and during the course of their journey from the Cypress Hills to their new location, camped close to the site of Regina, which was then but a tented place.

Mr. Kennedy relates that, until his arrival on the Regina townsite, he had never seen a wheeled vehicle and the wheels on wagons and carts fascinated him. He never tired of watching the "wheels go round."

He was educated first at Lebret under the supervision of Father Hugonard, and later at St. Boniface college. He was for a time employed by the Indian department, but resigned to engage in rearing wheat on a large scale during the war years. In this he was eminently successful.

Now he lives on the Assinibine reserve, in a handsome cottage surrounded by spacious lawns and well cultivated flower beds, where he spends much of his time gathering and correlating the history of his own people. At the recent formation of the Woodley branch of the Saskatchewan Historical Society he was elected as a director. Mr. Kennedy is regarded as the guide, counsellor and friend by the Indians of a wide territory.—Regina Leader-Post.

### Poultry Inspectors Busy

#### Officials Note Increase In Exports To United Kingdom

Skilled inspectors of the Department of Agriculture have been busy with Canada's 1938 harvest of turkeys, chickens, ducks and geese, weighing them, separating the fat from the lean, the choice from the poor choice and affixing tags for the guidance of Canadian housewives.

Looking over the poultry situation officials of the poultry branch of the Department of Agriculture note an increase in export of chickens to the United Kingdom during the past year, slightly lower prices than a year ago, a sharp decline in export of live birds to the United States, a smaller poultry production on the prairie provinces but slightly better than a year ago.

It is Western Canada which furnishes the bulk of poultry for the export market where Canadian turkeys, particularly, have established a reputation for quality. The principal export market is the United Kingdom but considerable quantities are shipped to Newfoundland and the British West Indies and, on one occasion, to Honshu.

### Have A Grievance

#### Settlers In Zululand Complain About Lions Killing Cattle

Settlers in Zululand have a grievance against the game preserves there, which contain numbers of the nearly extinct white rhinoceros.

The white rhinoceros is not troublesome, but his black cousin has caused much annoyance by breaking fences and stampeding cattle on farms bordering the reserves.

Lions from the wilds of Portuguese East Africa have invaded northern Zululand, and periodically kill cattle are reported. Earlier this year a pack of hyenas caused great damage to stock.

### Did Not Need Another

Two farmhands wanted a holiday at the New Year, and one of them approached the farmer.

"Hoots," said the boss. "A holiday? Why, it's no weeks since you had the two meneets' silence!"

The sun's distance from the earth has nothing to do with the season. These are caused by variation in the angle at which the sun's rays strike the earth.

Several factors, including the economic depression, have resulted in phenomenal progress in adult education during the past 10 years, Dr. E. A. Corbett, first director of the Canadian Association for Adult Education, said in an interview at Edmonton.

From 1928 to 1938 director of the University of Alberta Extension department, Dr. Corbett said the depression convinced Canadians there was something wrong with their economic structure. "Most of them wanted to know what was wrong and why." Thousands of unemployed are filling many empty hours with constructive study of economics and cultural subjects.

Finance by the Carnegie Foundation and government grants, the association headed by Dr. Corbett was founded in 1932 to correlate adult education efforts of Canadian university extension departments and more than 70 public service organizations interested in the work.

Active, well-organized university extension departments in Alberta and Nova Scotia are giving those provinces leadership in Canada's adult education program.

"There are two philosophies of adult education in Canada. Alberta clearly demonstrates one type; Nova Scotia the other.

"Best equipped extension department in the Dominion, University of Alberta's province-wide organization is concentrating on development of culture through use of travelling libraries, encouragement of dramatics and debating, circulation of slides and talking picture films, and efforts of lecturers and demonstrators.

"Nova Scotia's adult education centre, St. Francis Xavier University, has been phenomenally successful in developing different lines. In 10 years, extension department representatives have built up a system of co-operative unions through study group activities that will rival those of Scandinavian countries within 10 years.

"Nova Scotia represents adult education at its best when working economic lines. Alberta is leading in development of culture. Midway between systems of the two provinces lies the ideal educational program aimed at better living conditions.

Economic depression stress encouraged development of co-operative organizations in Nova Scotia. Fishermen and miners are leading the co-operative parade. Economic enlightenment resulting from the adult education program of St. Francis Xavier University has prepared the people of Nova Scotia for a new campaign planned to stimulate culture, said Dr. Corbett.

University of Saskatchewan extension department has done "some notable work" for farmers; other universities in the dominion are paying increased attention to adult education.

### No Other Like It

#### Man Most Efficient Machine That Was Ever Constructed

Engineers are prone to talk of the efficiency of modern machines. But no machine has ever been constructed that is so efficient as man himself. Where can we find a pump as perfect as the human heart? If the heart treats it right, it stays on the job for more than 600,000 hours, making 4,320 strokes and pumping 15 gallons an hour. We have no telegraphic mechanism equal to our nervous system; no radio so efficient as the voice; and the ear; no camera as perfect as the human eye; no ventilating plant as wonderful as the nose, lungs, and skin; and no electrical switchboard as perfect with the spinal cord. Isn't such a marvelous mechanism worthy of the highest respect and the best care?—Floyd Parsons in Readers Digest.

### Museums In Great Britain

#### Survey Shows 800 But Some Of Them Are Very Small

A survey of the museums and art galleries of the British Isles, other than national museums, which is published by the Carnegie United Kingdom Trust, shows that in all there are nearly 800 museums in Great Britain, some of them very small and housed in a single room. Some 250 are in towns of less than 10,000 people. On an average, 20 new museums are being opened every year. Some of these are started, however, without adequate provision for the future and will inevitably have to close.

The Chinese, six centuries ago, used a passenger vehicle which dropped a pebble into a receptacle to measure off every mile travelled.

WORLD HAPPENINGS  
BRIEFLY TOLD

Organized labor in Great Britain is prepared to fight strenuously any attempt to impose conscription in peace time.

The Italian cabinet ordered Jews to exchange all their land and buildings exceeding a fixed value for bonds bearing four per cent interest.

Population of the area of London coming under the London county council has declined from 4,367,003 in 1931, to 4,094,503 in June, 1937.

Four torpedo boats are reported to have been ordered in Great Britain for the Swedish navy, at a cost of about 2,000,000 kroner (about \$50,000).

Eight persons were burned to death in the customs house at Alexandria, Egypt, when 20 cases of motion picture film caught fire during customs examination.

George Willis, a wharf manager, said at Victoria the famous Lunenburg, N.S., schooner *Bluenose* might visit Victoria, Vancouver and Puget Sound ports in Washington state next year.

Valeri Chekaloff, 34, one of the three Soviet Russian aviators who flew across the North Pole from Moscow to Vancouver, Wash., in 1937, was killed in a crash while testing a new plane.

Next February more than 40 sturdy fishing boats will cling into Esquimalt naval base near Victoria to begin a month's training as units in the defense system of the Pacific coast.

Holder of the world's land speed record of 357 miles an hour, Capt. George Eyston was fined \$200 (\$4.66) for speeding on Victoria Esquimalt. He was clocked at 37.5 miles an hour.

In accordance with a concrete plan laid down by the Elgin government, large shipments of wheat are pouring into the country and will continue until enough grain to supply Elgin for a year in case of war, is in storage.

## Winter Sports In London

## Canadian Promoter Is Staging Huge International Indoor Display

In London, the damp metropolis where a snowstorm comes once in a blue moon and is about as substantial as a draft in a doorway, a Canadian is helping hold the curtain of winter. He is Armand Vincent of Montreal, whose \$150,000 winter carnival at Earl's Court is the biggest sport promotional venture ever staged under one roof in Britain.

It is a large-scale international indoor winter sports display with trimmings. The program includes a snowstorm, skiing, ski-jumping and snowshoeing competitions, and a French revue of 100 chorus girls.

Twelve thousand spectators including members of the royal family are expected nightly to watch the show staged on a full-sized snow-covered ski run with a realistic scenic mountain in the background.

Bert Paase, floor manager, Norman Gagne, ski jumper, and Chiel Poking Fire, Little Thorvald Peter Vauvazi and Dan Cunningham, snow shoes, all from Quebec, are other Canadians taking part.

## A Smart Salesgirl

## Managed To Secure Subscription To Magazine By Clever Ruse

Many a policeman in Detroit is blushing over this one: A pretty blonde, who said she was from Kentucky, failed to sell subscriptions to a religious weekly until she beat the policeman one subscription she could tell their weight to a pound; how many birthdays they had and to within three days the day before last. Each copy she sold paid the \$1 subscription and when she answered: "Your weight to the pound is 16 ounces. You each have had one birthday, the rest were anniversaries. And you were born within three days of Wednesday."

## No Good Organizers

When Germany had colonies she made no profit and little use of them and the Nazis' ideas of domination were in force there long before it became a Hitler obsession. The Germans, states the Brandon Sun, are not real colonizers under German rule. All the successful settlers from Germany have done well under other flags.

The earth's temperature increases on an average of one degree Fahrenheit for each 60 feet of depth.

In Serbia, the common cure for headaches is a crushed onion, mashed on the forehead.

Before it selects a place to spawn the king salmon of the Yukon river often swims 2,500 miles upstream.

## VETERAN RETIRES



The second veteran skipper of the British Columbia Coast Steamships to retire during 1938 is Captain Clifford C. Sainty, lately of the Princess Elizabeth in the Vancouver-Victoria night run. Captain Sainty has been with the B.C.C.S. for 29 years.

## Eastern Arctic Mail

## Eskimo Population Now Sending Messages To Widely Separated Families

Canada's Eskimo population is making increasing use of the mails, according to officials of the Eastern Arctic Patrol. Letters and messages between widely separated Eskimo families now form a considerable part of the mail carried by the R.M.S. *Nascopie* on the annual cruise to posts along Hudson Strait and Bay and on the island of the Arctic Archipelago.

Most of the correspondence between the Eskimos is carried on in the syllabarium which makes use of some 60 phonetic characters, and is more adaptable to the formation of Eskimo words than the English alphabet which often makes this task long and cumbersome. The natives of the Eastern Arctic are proud of their ability to read and write the syllabarium, and delight in making use of the postal facilities to communicate with their relatives and friends.

The white population of the Eastern Arctic the northern mail service also brings its blessings, as the *Nascopie* pries her way to widely-scattered posts. Supplies, food and clothing are at all times welcome to the fur trading missions.

Major Canadian Mounted Police at the different stations, but it is the letter messages and gifts from home, newspapers and reading matter, which are looked forward to and awaited with eager anticipation.

While to a considerable extent the radio is the principal contact of the northern posts with the outside world, it is the mail service which provides the intimate link with the home.

Heretofore little known to the public, the Eastern Arctic mail service is rapidly becoming an important element in the life of the Arctic. To inhabitants in all parts of the world it is of especial interest, and recent years have witnessed a greatly increased volume of mail passing between the outlying post offices of the North and the heavily populated cities and towns of many countries for purely stamp-collecting purposes.

During the past year the postal facilities provided throughout the Eastern Arctic were widely used. In most cases the supply of postage stamps was considerably increased as in many instances the postmasters reported that the previous year supply was completely exhausted before the arrival of this year's expedition.

## The War In China

## No Other Country Could Sustain Such Losses And Survive

There is no sight in China, is interested in peace, save on honorable terms; and those Japan in her present mood is incapable of offering. In the material, though not in the spiritual, sphere China has now lost virtually everything which goes to the making of a modern Republic. Her railways, her ports, her industries, almost all her major sources of revenue have been seized, like her capital, by the enemy. No other country could sustain such losses and not only survive but remain on a war footing. Japan is learning that it is impossible to paralyze vast territory, in which lie one-quarter of the human race, because there are no safe centres whose destruction decisively affects the whole country. It is indeed difficult to see what more Japan can do towards winning the war than she has done already—London Times.

Two of the most popular ways of getting run down are by a reckless motorist or by a neighborhood gossip.

## New Piano For White House

## Replaces Gold One Which Will Be Sent To Museum

President Roosevelt, in accepting a new piano for the White House, dedicated it to "the advancement of music in every city, town and hamlet in the country."

The presentation ceremony was conducted beneath the chandeliers in the East Room of the White House. Mrs. Roosevelt acted as mistress of ceremonies.

The new piano, replacing an old gold one which has been used since 1903, was given by Steinway & Sons. Theodore E. Steinway, making the presentation speech, said it was an expression of appreciation "by a family who arrived on these shores and was permitted to pursue its work and make a living in an atmosphere of friendliness."

Replying, the President said the old piano would be sent to the National Museum, where it would be "one of the heirlooms of the National government."

Calling attention to the legs of the new piano, Mrs. Roosevelt said she thought "art has improved since 1903."

"Art has at last caught up with ornithology," he said. "These eagles are 'agile' and the others (on the old piano) weren't."

## Those Sun Spots

## Cause Of Magnetic Storms And Interfere With Radio Reception

What influence sun-spots exert on us is due to particles discharged during the upward surge of gases which bombard the atmosphere surrounding the earth when they pass into space. Highly electrified, they which make radios crackle with static. Attracted towards the poles of our atmosphere to create the peculiarities of the Aurora Borealis. How vividly are these spots which have to do with sun-spots on the sun's face, can hardly be realized for astronomers estimate the "sun-spots" often measure 50,000 miles across with the largest sun-spot observed having an area of 4,000 square miles.—Calgary Herald.

## Giving Four Broadcasts

## King George Will Speak Over Radio While In Canada

King George VI may be in Winnipeg on Victoria Day, May 24, the anniversary of his great-grandmother's birthday. A Winnipeg radio station may carry a wireless message to His Majesty to the empire on that day.

Buckingham Palace authorities announced that the king hopes to make a radio broadcast to the Empire from Canada on May 24.

Commenting on the announcement, L. W. Brockington, chairman of the board of governors of the Canadian Broadcasting Corporation, said that the king would give four broadcasts in Canada, all over the CBC network.

## A Useful Invention

A truck manufacturer has added to his line—and to his potential sales by designing a "stabilized truck" with the "sophomore" steering.

The rear wheels of the truck are so constructed that they automatically proceed to the step above when the weight is shifted to the front wheels. The load is kept level.

The four-eyed minnow, found in rivers and lakes of tropical America, has an upper and lower eye on each side of its head.

Gudeoloupe has placed a tax on all empty wooden barrels entering the country.

Exhibits dealing with the life of Soviet children are being shown in Belgium.

Sun visors frequently are the source of automobile noises.

## TWO SMART NIGHTIES FROM THIS

By Anne Adams



4890

One's tailored, one's feminine—and both of these sweet nightgowns are for the young woman's wardrobe. Just think you can stitch up each in time with the aid of Anne Adams' new Pattern No. 4890. Tailored nighties for instance, and make the long-sleeved, coed collar version—it's enough to make you do the same size a pattern tub satin as for dressing a nightie as you'd want to see. The puff-sleeve version with "swede-lean" neckline, and the lace-up placket, or flared synthetic or cotton! Don't you love the sultry raised waistline, held in expertly by a half-belt, and the front?

Pattern 4890 is available in misses' and women's sizes 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42 and 44. Size 16, width 42, length 36, bust 34, waist 28, hips 36.

Send twenty cents (20c) in coins (stamps cannot be accepted) for this Anne Adams pattern. Write plainly to Anne Adams, Pattern Dept., Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermot Ave., E., Winnipeg, Manitoba.

"Not Simon," said Jesus

from henceforth thou shalt catch me." When Simon and his partners had broken up the boat, they laid down their nets, forsook their boats and their families, their lands and their means, and suffered loneliness and privation; but the greatest of all privileges was to be theirs for they were to sit at their Master's feet and learn of him.

It was an act so wonderful and kindly that Peter saw Jesus was, and seeing him, said, "I am a sinful man, O Lord."

"Nevertheless, at thy word I will catch a fish," was the result of his action that he was in danger of breaking; and he called to his partners, "Come, let us go into the lake." Peter went in and followed Jesus. They filled both boats with the fish, and Peter, in great fear and astonishment, fell at the feet of Jesus and said, "I am a sinful man, O Lord." It was an act so wonderful and kindly that Peter saw Jesus was, and seeing him, said, "I am a sinful man, O Lord."

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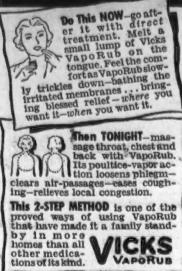
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## GRIPPED BY MISERY OF A SORE THROAT!

(DUE TO A COLD)



## POOR MAN'S GOLD

Courtney Ryley Cooper

• Courtney Ryley Cooper.  
WNU Service.

### CHAPTER X.—Continued

Jack Hammond opened his eyes, started upward, something leaped and darted like the common star. Wearily he lowered his head against the sight. But slowly, deeper and deeper into his grudgingly awakening consciousness the knowledge that the air contained a peculiar, horror-laden bite, a queen unpleasant, searing quality which invaded his every nasal passage—and which at last forced him to dull his brain. This acrid odor was like the odor of death; suddenly woodsmen instincts were awakened, sharply and with terror. The smell of fire!

Realization full upon him, he strove to rise, only to drop to his knees and crawl uncertainly there. At last he began to crawl. Behind him, outside the cabin, had come a peculiar, shifting crackle, ending in a puffing roar, as flame now eating through the cracked window into the tangled bush, swept up the dry bark of a dead spruce, leaped to the resinous top of a fallen tree and there exploded.

It gave Hammond the strength of terror, calling into play all the highly developed forces of recuperative ability bred in him by years of tremendous activity. Jack Hammond came from a phase of existence where life depended upon reserves of strength. Slowly his muscles began to lose their horrible reserves.

He gained his feet and reeled to the door. It yielded to the plunging weight of his body; he half-slumped half-fell outside, into a world of red.

But, as yet, there was more noise and smoke and color than danger. He shook his head, as if to clear it from painful cobwebs. Dazedly he looked about him, arms loose, shoulders sagging. His bloody jaws contorted. Then he weaved into the trail.

Soon he had gained the strength to increase his speed to a dog-trot.

wind was spreading the fire swiftly behind him; now no longer were there long intervals between the creeping advance of the flame and the puffing outburst as it reached a tree top; the forest was almost continuous; both his brain and his fatigue were clearing. But at last he slowed his pace, his head cocked inquiringly.

It came again, and for a third time, the agonized outcry of a man, some who dropped to the right. Hammond started at the call again, only once more to halt. There was the cry again, of someone in terrific pain; Hammond instinctively turned in his direction.

A short period of search followed; at last he began to follow the flimsy outlines of a game trail, winding in rambling fashion through the bush. He shouted; a groan answered him from only a short distance ahead. Hammond obeyed the call, and rounding a tangle of sapling spruce, stood staring.

“Lew Snday lay there, writing in agony on the ground. He shrank at the sight of me.” he gasped.

“Yes, I got out!” temptation told him to go on; to leave this man where he lay—but it was only temptation. “Come on—get out of here!” he commanded jerkily. “That fire’s coming fast!”

The man’s tongue protruded. His eyes were set with pain.

“Get this thing off my leg!” he begged. “Before I bleed to death.”

Hammond moved swiftly forward.

In the red light of the forest fire, the blood-smeared underbrush where Snade had threshed about seemed painted, as with purple ink. Snade was holding himself off the ground by his hands, both legs broken, one, quite broken, twisted; his ankles were caught, one behind the other, in the heavy jaws of an immense, double-spring bear trap. A chain clinked under Hammond’s feet, leading to a heavy log, which some prospector-trapper had fastened to the trap as a deadfall. Even in spite of its weight, Jack saw that Snade, in his desperation, had dragged it a few feet.

## PAINFUL TO BEND A JOINT

### Hospital Case of Rheumatism

The value of perseverance when Kruschen, in the treatment of some cases of rheumatism, is proved by this man’s experience. He says: “I was abroad for over seven years. When I returned I began to suffer from rheumatism—particularly in the feet and ankles. I was told I was recommended to take Kruschen Salts, have taken them continually, and until now I am entirely free from pain. I would like to thank you for my Kruschen Salts for anything.”

—M.B.

The salts of the suits in Kruschen are effectual solvents of uric acid and the excess of which is decidedly injurious. They swiftly dull the sharp edges of the painful crystals, and convert them into a harmless solution, which is then excreted through the natural channels.

cabin, almost knocked out. He kept telling me it was my fault; he had a fool thing like that. After he’d walked me into this thing, he tried to get the girls to knock me out—but I guess he’s pretty well shot. All he could do was just stand there and stare and yell at me that somebody had to take the fall—you know, they’d find me here and blame me for having set the cabin afire and firing the bushes.” The man, who had been dazed with pain as Hammond again bent over the trap. Suddenly, “He’ll have his wish, all right.”

“Easy now,” the prospector insisted through two swollen lips. “I’ll get you out of this. You’ll have to stand this. When I give the word, pull as hard as you can—try to walk away on your hands—wait a second—now go!”

Screaming, the man escaped, dragging his useless legs grotesquely behind him. Then limp, sweating, he sank to the ground. Hammond leaped swiftly beside him, ripping off his shirt, twisting it into wide strips. He twisted these. Then with quick, sure movements, he slipped a hand-drawn trap around each leg.

The heat of the fire momentarily grew more intense. A dead jack-knifed along the trail, halted as it was in mid-air, stared at them, then went bounding onward. A spark angled downward, falling on a mound of leaves, where it lay smoldering. The roar of flames was becoming more and more like a babbling, rushing water. Jack Hammond bent and slowly lifted the half-conscious man. Then with a swinging motion he slipped the limp form across his heavy shoulders.

With short, running steps, staggering at times, he reached the main trail, and starting his downward course, moved out of the forest toward Sapphire.

### CHAPTER XI.

It was a stick-toy town, wild Hammond signed, when last moving down the slope, he came within the range of marsh grasses leading to Sapphire. Already brownish-black smoke had blocked out the surrounding mountains, hanging low over the valley like a dirty fog.

The village seemed to swarm with people. They ran from cabin to cabin, or merely hurried into the street, to stare futilely at the falling plumes of smoke in the distance, then again rush for cover.

The whole district was lighted as if by stage lights, a queer bluish glow which rotted, blanched, and then burst forth with glaring intensity. The fire was burning closer. With this wind, the town had little chance.

There was activity down at the lake. Hammond turned in that direction, his burden. The man on his back was in urgent need of surgery: crushed ankle bones, severed veins, deeply lacerated flesh were something which could not be treated in a frontier camp, harassed by the threat of death, by the dog, by stagecoach, to himself to a final effort.

Then Sergeant Terry broke from the throng where Timmy Moon, a pudgy demon in the fire glare, was gassing his plane. A second figure joined the mounted policeman, crying out as she came. It was Jeannie Towns.

“Jack,” she cried out, for the instant only upon the sight of his battered features, the crushed blood on his cheeks and throat.

“You’ve been hurt—you’ve been hurt.”

“Just a right,” Hammond answered grimly, and jerked his aching lower limb to indicate the man in his arms. Jeannie gasped.

“It’s Lew Snade,” she exclaimed.

Townspeople crowded about them, shouting questions. Hammond answered only by shifting his burden and moving nearer Timmy’s airplane.

Snade was fully conscious now; he kept up a continuous mixture of groans and whimpering.

“What happened?” Sergeant Terry demanded.

Hammond glanced concernedly to

ward Jeannie. He had remembered the day of the robbery and her fears of publicity.

“I didn’t think what I was saying,” he apologized miserably. She faced him, unafraid.

“It’s all right. I wrote the whole story home—with that money.”

(To Be Continued)

### A Dish Of Tea

#### Leaves Used As A Vegetable When First Introduced In England

A dainty nose in lavender wax and bearing imprinted thereon “To Tea” would be an exciting memento of my lady’s morning toilet—but day after day, as to her grandmother, mother or great grandmother, Mrs. Grace Lyman Stammers reminded members of the China Students’ Club at Boston.

From a capacious pocket she produced a small crystal seal, bearing these two words, that had been used by her ancestors. Attired in a replica of her grandmother’s wedding dress of soft blue silk with tight basque, orange silk sleeves, skirt many yards around and black lace shawl, Mrs. Stammers made a perfect picture of the hostess of the tea-table.

Hammond, in the course of serving tea to England in 1658. Ignorant of the method of preparation, many cooked it in water, discarded the latter, and attempted to eat the steamed leaves as a vegetable, adding salt, butter and vinegar, without success.

The proper manner of brewing was learned the custom of serving tea more fashionable and more to the people’s taste. Considered as medicinal it was sold first by an apothecary and the price was high. In the two pounds was thought a sufficient gift from the East India Company to Charles II.

Pepys wrote in his diary, 1660, that he went for a dish of tea, an early reference to the brew. Use of the word dish came from the fact that tea was served in porringer or such-like shallow dishes. Cups came into use later and were small. Saucers followed and spoons when sugar was added. Originally tea was served clear in the Chinese fashion. A woman going on a visit took her own cup, saucer and spoon. The ladies were thin dainty bits and could be easily served. The tea was so strong, sufficient had been consumed. It was not polite to refuse a hostess’ offer of more and the spoon warmed her one had “enough.”

Sugar was sold in cones and broken up for the tea service. This duty fell to the women of the household as the product was costly. Small tongs like implements with cutters instead of pincers were made for this purpose in silver or other metal.

From 1702-14, in Queen Anne’s reign, the service of tea became work to waiters, silversmiths and cabinet makers. An exquisite refinement showed in all designs. As tea was taken clear, at first, only pots were fashioned, then followed saucers with spoon and covered basin for sugar next, and lastly the creamers.

### Tribute To British Democracy

#### Native Warriors Of Papua Offered To Fight For The Empire

Armed with dimly spears and shields, their bodies gleaming with oil and paint, a delegation of native warriors from a mountain district of Papau went recently to Port Moresby to offer to fight for the British Empire. They had heard of the possibility of war in Europe. “The Government is our friend. Who fights him must fight us, too,” said the spokesman.

This incident speaks volumes for the human and considerate way in which Britain has been treating her native peoples. No one contends that Britain has always been as considerate. But while there may be indifference there never has been brutality or studied neglect. British democracy has become kinder as the years go by.

There is much of humanitarianism. It has convinced conquered races that the Government of Britain is their friend. There has been no attempt at suppression. There has been no boasting of white supremacy.

When natives declare their readiness to fight for Britain, this, more than anything else could do, indicates that they have been kindly treated. No people will volunteer to fight for another race unless they feel that they have been given every consideration.

By the way, we would hope that many native would offer to fight for some other nation, even a power which, for instance, boasts of its Aryan blood, and which, apparently, has nothing but contempt for the peoples of other races. —St. Thomas Times-Journal.

The bigness of any community’s heart may be pretty fairly measured by its donations to worthy charities.

Diamonds are the hardest of all minerals.

## RELIEVE COLDS AND NASAL CATARRH

**Closed To Free Breathing**

Clear those blocked Nasal Passages before they become the breeding place for millions of dangerous germs.

Catarrh is stealing your enjoyment of life. Mucus keeps drooping into your throat. You can’t taste, smell or breathe properly. You can’t sleep. You have a breathing place where millions of germs throng and multiply. Don’t wait a day longer. Act NOW... before your condition develops into a more serious ailment. Start using Musteroles... the healing balm used by millions of people the

world over. The antiseptic vapours of Musteroles quickly penetrate air passages... fight the lurking germs... clean the nostrils... relieve the clogged nostrils and promote healthy breathing again. Get a 30 cent tube or jar of Musteroles and use it before the nostrils every night and morning. That simple routine has relieved even chronic catarrh in thousands of cases and women. It will bring you relief or your money will be unconditionally refunded.

AZ

### Improves The Hearing

#### Montreal Research Workers Make Important Discovery

Research work by three Montreal physicians has established that injections of sex hormones improve the hearing and effectively control ozena, a nasal disease considered incurable for more than 2,000 years, it was announced.

It was emphasized that no claim is being made that a new “cure for deafness” has been discovered, but the future possibilities of the discovery are considered of such importance a soundproof room has been constructed at Montreal General Hospital for more exacting experiments. McGill University has co-operated in building the room and in installing specially-designed apparatus for more accurate examinations.

Physicians state the discovery is comparable in importance with the medical research work in Canada in the past 10 years. Preliminary experiments at McGill University on monkeys showed injection of sex hormones exercised a specific effect on the part of the nose affected by ozena, an obnoxious disease in which the lining of the nose wastes away. Since it was first mentioned by Aristotle in the days of ancient Greece the disease has been considered incurable.

This discovery by Dr. Hector Morris, Dr. D. B. Collip and Dr. Peter Wright in the McGill Department of Biochemistry—justified the experimental use of sex hormones on persons suffering the disease. It was found the treatment was “infinitely better” than any other in use, that it effectively controlled and rapidly made the disease inoffensive, although not yet showing it definitely curable.

The physicians found also that the nasal injections of sex hormones improved the hearing of patients. Research showed a “cure” for ozena in persons suffering the disease and those suffering progressive deafness—those who became deaf while still comparatively young. It also was found that ozena and progressive deafness might be found in the same person, in the same family or in different generations of the same family. Such cases treated with sex hormones all showed definite improvement in hearing. So far 150 persons have been experimented upon.

### Civilization’s Cycles

#### Cycles Of Economy And Waste About Every 130 Years

Civilization has gone through a period of waste, which is due to going back to rigid economy about 1950, says Sir Flinders Petrie, noted British archaeologist, who has probed history for any help it may offer regarding man’s future.

He finds that cycles of economy and waste cover about 130 years. Waste began in 1535, 1660, 1790, 1920, according to Sir Flinders Petrie’s findings, reported to the British scientific journal, *Nature*. The more austere periods, he finds, reviled in 1560, 1690 and 1820. People in northern Europe were aware of the returning waves of economy, when they quoted the saying, “The clogs to clog in three generations.”

“If we are to deal with the science of man,” says Sir Flinders, “one of the first steps is to know our own position in the recurring cycles of civilization. Then we can see in what direction we are heading at present.”—Victoria Times.

### Ciently Treated Linen

A new chemically treated linen has been developed to prevent the ravelling of shirt collars and cuffs. The insertion is sewed between the layers of the shirt material, and in a demonstration at the Leipzig Fair it was shown to keep the cloth from fraying.

—C. E. H. G.

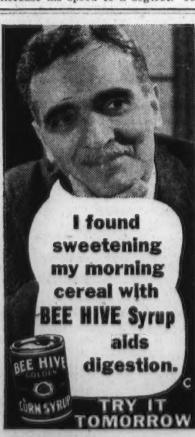
Don’t take chances. Roll on sooth-

ing, warming Musteroles. Relief quickly follows.

Musteroles gets such fine results because it’s NOT just a salve. It’s a *“mustard salve”*—a *“mustard salve”* that is strong, stimulating, and penetrating—helpful in quickly relieving local complaints.

Used by millions for 30 years. Recommended by many doctors and nurses. *Made in Canada*, in three strengths. Regular, Strength, Extra Strength and Extra Strong. Approved by Good Housekeeping Bureau. All druggists, 40¢ each.

**MUSTEROLE**  
MADE WITH A MUSKER PLASTER



“Get me out of it.” the wounded man pleaded. “My legs have gone dead on me—I’m being led off.”

“For a moment, Hammond forgot, enviously. Snade was only a weak-trapped animal, without enough courage to snarl.

“How’d you get off the trail?” He seized the trap and was straightening it, steeling himself against the man’s outcries, that he might gain sufficient leverage to exert his muscles on the heavy, double-sprung Snade gasped the answer:

“I’m getting over here. He said he could get down to the lake this way and cross the town. These people wouldn’t know we’d been at my cabin.”

“He knew better than that.”

An agonized cry came from the trapped man as Jack attempted to press open the trap. The prospector demanded:

“Sure he knew better. He knew this trap was here. He must have—he the same as said so, after he’d walked me into it.”

“Has he gone crazy—completely?”

“He’s gone crazy,” Hammond answered grimly, and jerked his aching lower limb to indicate the man in his arms. Jeannie gasped.

“It’s Lew Snade,” she exclaimed.

Townspeople crowded about them, shouting questions. Hammond answered only by shifting his burden and moving nearer Timmy’s airplane.

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Canadian Legion  
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Wednesday of each month at

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Council Meetings

The council of the village of Crossfield will meet in the Fire Hall on the first Monday of each month at the hour of 8 o'clock.

By Order of the Village Council,

T. Tredaway, Sec. - Treas.

All Kinds of

TINSMITHING WORK

J. L. McRory

CROSSFIELD Alberta

## Church Notices

## Church of the Ascension

(ANGLICAN)

Rev. A. D. CURRIE Rector.

January 8th, 1938

1st Sun. after Epiphany

10:00 a.m. Sunday School

11:00 a.m. Holy Communion

12:00 noon. Bible Class

Annual meeting of the J.W.A. Monday,

January 9th.

## United Church Services

Rev. S. R. HUNT, B.A., B.D., Minister

Sunday, January 8th 1938

11:15 Sunday School

11:15 a.m. Madras

7:30 Crossfield

"Perhaps our greatest trouble is our refusal to realize how hard it is to be a Christian. We are always asking for crowns and chief seats in the Kingdom, without a thought of the crusade that can start first." — H. R. L. Sheppard

## Crossfield Baptist Church

Rev. J. J. PICKFORD, B.B.A. Minister

Regular Sunday Services

11:00 a.m. Morning Services

12:30 noon Sunday School

8:00 p.m. Evening Services

Services at Abernethy 4:30 p.m.

## GOODER BROTHERS

## Announcing

The birth of a new private

chapel at their

## Foster Funeral Home

320 - 12th Ave. W. Calgary

Residents of Crossfield and district  
please accept this cordial in-  
vitation to see the new

Chapel on or after

December 10.

## TURKEYS

Make sure that you know the  
MARKET PRICE of turkeys by  
receiving our free price list during the  
turkey marketing season in December.  
Send us a card with your name and  
address NOW to us on our list.

## WINDSOR'S

PRODUCE PACKERS

601 11th Ave. West, Calgary.

## Local and General.

W. J. Wood was a business visitor  
to Calgary Tuesday.  
Rees Jones was a Calgary visitor  
last weekend.Mrs. E. Cartwright is spending a few  
days with friends in Calgary.W. Aldred is sporting a new 1939  
Dodge, which he purchased from  
W. J. Wood Thursday last.S. Willis spent the New Year  
holidays with his son at Turner  
Valley.Mrs. T. G. Sefton, Mrs. J. A.  
Emery and Miss Maureen Emery  
were Caleary visitors Friday last.It's good to see J. Crocker about  
again, after his recent serious  
accident and illness.Miss Winnie Cartwright, of Cal-  
gary, has been spending a few days  
at the Rectory.Miss Violet Currie has been vis-  
iting Miss Betty Porter, of Prospect  
Avenue, and other friends in  
Calgary.Miss Ina Heywood, of Redland,  
spent the holidays at the home of  
her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. Hey-  
wood.The regular meeting of the Ladies  
Aid will be held at the manse on  
Wednesday, January 11th, 1938. A  
full attendance is requested.The regular meeting of the Local  
L.U.F.W.A. will be held at the home  
of Mrs. Ableman Wednesday  
January 11th, at 2:30.Corporal Cameron has informed  
us that the speed limit for all vehicles  
on the highway from Crossfield  
to Red Deer, is 30 miles per hour.We have been informed that  
Chester Christiansen has purchased  
the J. P. Blegen farm one mile  
north of town.Don McCaskill was a Calgary  
visitor Friday. He reports that his  
brother, George, is doing as well as  
can be expected, after his recent  
operation.Mrs. M. Patmore and Mr. and  
Mrs. E. W. Hoover motored to  
Rocky Mountain House Wednesday  
morning. They expected to return  
the same day.The Crossfield Curling Club an-  
nual bonspiel will be held on Janu-  
ary 23rd, 24th, and 25th. Members \$2.00  
each. Enter your rinks with M.N.  
Jones, Secretary.Mr. and Mrs. C. Cochrane mot-  
ored to Calgary Monday last, when  
they took their daughter, Miss  
Evelyn Cochrane, and her friend,  
Miss Dorothy George, back to the  
city.Didsbury Chosen for  
Olds School DivisionDidsbury was chosen as the lo-  
cation for the offices of the Olds  
School Division No. 31, at a meet-  
ing which took place in Didsbury  
December 16th, 1938, and organ-  
ization effected was as follows:Chairman, Wm. H. Davies, Dids-  
bury, Vice-Chairman, W. H. A.  
Thomas, Olds. Terms of Office:  
For two years, Mr. Geo. Burns,  
Mr. J. H. Robertson, Mr. Wm. H.  
Davies. For one year, Mr. W. H. A.  
Thomas, Mr. J. M. Dundas.Mr. Sidney Gilson, of Didsbury,  
was appointed to his position of  
Secretary-Treasurer, his duties to  
commence on January 1st.The audit of the books of the  
School Districts for this year was  
left in the hands of the local  
secretary-treasurers, they to choose  
an auditor out of the list of ac-  
credited government auditors.Instructions and authorizations  
were prepared regarding school  
property, drinking supplies, fuel  
supplies, janitor services etc. and  
a circular letter authorized to be  
sent out to all sec-treas. and  
teachers.Arrangements were made for the  
purchasing of office equipment and  
the setting up of the books of the  
Division.

## Floral School

## Xmas Concert

(continued from front page)  
recited.A cowboy song—Bill Bills, Roy  
Sackett, Clayton Stafford. They  
were ably assisted on a rousing en-  
core by Margaret Wickerson, Wilma  
Thompson, and Hazel Ruddy.A comedy play, "The Fine Fif-  
teen," by the entire school.A number of the pupils in "Woo-  
ing Under Difficulties," showed  
expert acting.Santa Clause was greeted by old  
and young.The ladies of the district served  
lunch and popcorn balls.The crowd dispersed after giving  
the teacher and pupils a hearty  
vote of thanks for an enjoyable  
evening.

## CARD OF THANKS

We wish to extend our sincere  
thanks to the Legionaires and our  
many friends for their kind assis-  
tance during the recent fire.Mr. and Mrs. J. RYAN  
and family.

## Letters to the Editor

As an act of courtesy, "Letters to the  
Editor" are published, but the Chronicle  
cannot be held responsible for the opin-  
ions expressed.Crossfield Alta,  
Jan. 2, 1939.The Editor,  
Crossfield Chronicle,  
Crossfield,  
Dear Mr. Editor:In your editorial of December  
29th issue of the Chronicle you  
suggest that it would be a better  
scheme to use the money raised for  
the War Memorial Fund to pur-  
chase fire fighting equipment for  
the village, thus saving the residents  
added taxation or donations.Considering the manner in  
which the Chronicle has boosted  
for the Memorial Fund during the  
last year this is rather surprising,  
and one can only assume that the  
recent fire has temporarily unbal-  
anced your usual good judgment.Possibly the effect would not have  
been so startling if you had wit-  
nessed as many fire in Crossfield  
as the majority of its residents  
have.May I suggest that your argu-  
ment is not based on very logical  
promises for the following reasons?The money was collected for the  
specific purpose of erecting a cairn,  
the donors being ex-servicemen  
and their friends, not only of  
Crossfield but many throughout  
the adjoining district who have  
no responsibility for Crossfield's  
fire hazard, and with whom it  
would be a breach of faith to that  
pose.The Memorial Fund is being  
sponsored by the Crossfield Branch  
of the Legion with the cooperation  
of the Board of Trade, and the  
Legion is bound by its constriction  
to promote and care for suitable  
memorials to perpetuate the  
memory and deeds of the Fallen,  
but by no stretch of imagination  
can it be assumed that our Branch  
of the Legion is to provide Crossfield with  
fire protection.If, as you say, everyone respects  
those who so willingly give their  
lives, is it not reasonable to expect  
that they should respect the wishes  
of those who desire to perpetuate  
their memory.Also, if you say, everyone respects  
those who so willingly give their  
lives, is it not reasonable to expect  
that they should respect the wishes  
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School Districts for this year was  
left in the hands of the local  
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were prepared regarding school  
property, drinking supplies, fuel  
supplies, janitor services etc. and  
a circular letter authorized to be  
sent out to all sec-treas. and  
teachers.Arrangements were made for the  
purchasing of office equipment and  
the setting up of the books of the  
Division.

(continued next week)

**LOOK FOLKS!**  
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1 Canadian Magazine ..... 1 yr. 1 Rod and Gun ..... 1 yr.  
1 Woman's Home Companion ..... 1 yr. 1 Open Road (Boys) ..... 1 yr.  
1 Christian Herald ..... 6 mths. 1 Parents Magazine ..... 6 mths.

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1 Western Producer ..... 1 yr. 1 Country Guide & NorWest Farmer ..... 3 yrs  
1 National Home Monthly ..... 1 yr. 1 Canadian Magazine ..... 1 yr.  
1 Pictorial Review ..... 1 yr. 1 Parents Magazine ..... 6 mths  
1 True Story ..... 1 yr. 1 Christian Herald ..... 6 mths.

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24s . . . . . 39c

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VICKS VAPO RUB . . . . . 45c

VICKS VATRONAL . . . . . 45c

ENOS FRUIT SALT

Small . . . . . 47c

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BUCKLEY'S MIXTURE

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MASON'S 49 . . . . . 40c and 69c

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